Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric

The **Teacher Performance Evaluation Rubric** is to be scored holistically. This means evaluators will assess which level provides the best *overall* description of the teacher. The rating process is to occur on completion of each 30-minute observation and post-conference. To determine the rating for each 30-minute observation, the evaluator is to consider evidence gathered during the pre-conference, observation, post-conference and classroom walkthroughs, if applicable. Note that when completing the performance rubric, evaluators are not expected to gather evidence on all *indicators* for each observation cycle. Likewise, teachers may, but are not required to, bring additional pieces of evidence to address all *indicators*. The professionalism section of the rubric may use evidence collected during the pre-conferences and post-conferences as well as information from the Professional Growth and/or Improvement Plan, if applicable.

ORGANIZATIONAL	ORGANIZATIONAL AREA: INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING						
Domains	Components						
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished		
FOCUS FOR LEARNING (Standard 1: Students, Standard 2: Content, Standard 3: Assessment, Standard 4: Instruction)	Use of High- Quality Student Data Element 1.1 Element 1.2 Element 1.3 Element 3.3	The teacher does not use high-quality student data to develop measurable and developmentally appropriate student growth goal(s).	The teacher uses one source of high-quality student data and attempts to analyze patterns to develop measurable and developmentally appropriate student growth goal(s). The analysis may be incomplete or inaccurate.	The teacher thoroughly and correctly analyzes patterns in at least two sources of high-quality student data to develop measurable and developmentally appropriate student growth goal(s) and monitors student progress toward goal(s).	The teacher thoroughly and correctly analyzes trends and patterns in at least two sources of high-quality student data to develop measurable and developmentally appropriate student growth goal(s) and monitors student progress toward goal(s). The teacher plans for the		
Possible Sources of Evidence: pre-conference, artifacts, portfolios, analysis of student					facilitation of developmentally appropriate student data collection and strategies to assist in student goal setting and progress monitoring.		
data, lesson plans,	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.		
lesson plans, student surveys, common assessments	Connections to prior and future learning Element 1.2 Element 2.1	The teacher plans lessons that demonstrate no connections to student prior learning or future learning.	The teacher plans lessons that attempt to make connections with student prior learning or future learning. These connections are not clear.	The teacher plans lessons that intentionally make clear and coherent connections with student prior learning and future learning and includes strategies that communicate the	The teacher plans lessons that intentionally make clear and coherent connections with student prior and future learning and includes strategies that communicate the connections to students - among lesson content,		

	Element 2.2 Element 2.4 Element 2.5			connections to students.	other disciplines and/or real-world experiences. The teacher plans lessons that use the input and contributions of families, colleagues and/or other professionals to understand each student's prior knowledge while supporting the student's development.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
	Connections to state standards and district priorities Element 2.3 Element 4.1 Element 4.7	The teacher's instructional plan does not reference Ohio's Learning Standards.	The teacher's instructional plan references Ohio's Learning Standards, but goals and activities do not align with student needs, school and district priorities or the standards.	The teacher's instructional plan incorporates activities, assessments and resources, including available technology, that align with student needs, school and district priorities, and Ohio's Learning Standards.	The teacher's instructional plan incorporates activities, assessments and resources, including available technology, that align with student needs, school and district priorities, and Ohio's Learning Standards. The teacher participates in studying and evaluating advances in content and/or provides input on school and district curriculum.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
KNOWLEDGE OF	Planning	The teacher's	The teacher's instructional	The teacher's instructional	The teacher's instructional plan
STUDENTS	instruction	instructional plan	plan makes minimal	plan reflects connections to	reflects consistent connections to
(Standard 1:	for the whole	makes no connections	connections to student	student experiences,	student experiences, culture and
Students,	child	to and the teacher is	experiences, culture,	culture and developmental	developmental characteristics.

Standard 4: Instruction, Standard 6: Collaboration and Communication)	Element 1.2 Element 1.4 Element 1.5 Element 4.2 Element 4.4 Element 6.4	not familiar with student experiences, culture, developmental characteristics or backgrounds.	developmental characteristics or student backgrounds.	characteristics. These may include prior learning, abilities, strengths, needs, talents, backgrounds, skills, language proficiency and interests.	These may include prior learning, abilities, strengths, needs, individual talents, backgrounds, skills, language proficiency and interests. The instructional plan draws upon input from school professionals and outside
Possible Sources of Evidence: analysis of student data, pre-conference, artifacts, student surveys	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	resources. Click or tap here to enter text.

ORGANIZATIONAL	ORGANIZATIONAL AREA: INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT						
Domains	Components						
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished		
LESSON	Communi-	The teacher does not	The teacher inconsistently	The teacher is consistent	The teacher is consistent and		
DELIVERY	cation with	communicate learning	communicates learning	and effective in	effective in communicating		
(Standard 2:	students	goals and expectations	goals, expectations for	communicating appropriate,	differentiated learning goals		
Content,		for mastery and does not	mastery and models of	needs-based, differentiated	(such as needs based, interest		
Standard 3:	Element 2.2	model exemplary	exemplary performance to	learning goals, expectations	based, strength based),		
Assessment,	Element 4.3	performance to students.	students. There is limited	for mastery and models of	expectations for mastery and		
Standard 4:	Element 4.6	Students cannot discern	use of differentiated learning	exemplary performance to	models of exemplary		
Instruction,	Element 6.1	learning goals.	goals.	students.	performance to students		
Standard 5:		Differentiated learning			through multiple communication		
Learning		goals are not used.			techniques.		
Environment,							
Standard 6:			<u> </u>				
Collaboration		The teacher does not	The teacher demonstrates	The teacher consistently	The teacher consistently		
and		demonstrate content	some content knowledge by	demonstrates content	demonstrates content		
Communication)		knowledge by using	using limited content-	knowledge by using	knowledge by using content-		
Danaikla Carresa		content-specific,	specific, developmentally	content-specific,	specific, developmentally		
Possible Sources		developmentally	appropriate language and	developmentally	appropriate language and		
of Evidence:		appropriate language or	limited content-specific	appropriate language and	content-specific strategies to		
pre-conference,		content-specific	strategies. Students	content-specific strategies	engage students. The		
post-conference,		strategies. There is no	demonstrate little	to engage students.	teacher's communication		
formal		student engagement.	engagement in the lesson.	The teacher's	strategies and questioning		
observation, classroom walk-				communication strategies	techniques engage students in		
				and questioning techniques	higher-level and creative		
throughs/informal				check for understanding	thinking and stimulate student-		



observations,				and encourage higher-level	to-student interactions.
peer review		The teacher does not give students feedback.	Feedback to students is general, occasional or limited and may not always support student learning.	thinking. The teacher gives students substantive, specific and timely feedback to support their learning.	The teacher gives students substantive, specific and timely feedback to support individual student learning. The teacher gives students opportunities to engage in self-assessment, provide feedback to each other and reflect on their own strengths and challenges.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
	Monitoring student understanding Element 3.2 Element 3.3	The teacher fails to monitor and address student confusion and misconceptions.	The teacher inconsistently monitors or incorrectly addresses student confusion and misconceptions.	The teacher consistently monitors and addresses common student confusion and misconceptions by presenting information in multiple formats and clarifying content as he or she sees challenges.	The teacher consistently monitors, addresses, articulates and anticipates individual student confusion or misconceptions by presenting information in multiple formats and clarifying content as he or she sees challenges.
LESSON DELIVERY	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
(continued)	Student-centered learning Element 3.5 Element 4.5 Element 4.6 Element 5.3 Element 5.4	Learning is entirely teacher directed. Students are not participating in learning activities.	Learning is primarily teacher directed. Students participate in whole class learning activities.	Learning is a balance between teacher-directed instruction and student- directed interaction as students apply their knowledge and skills as developmentally appropriate. The teacher effectively combines collaborative and whole class learning opportunities to maximize student learning. Teacher gives opportunities	Learning is primarily self-directed with the teacher in the role of facilitator encouraging students to apply their knowledge and skills as developmentally appropriate. The teacher encourages students to persist in the learning tasks. The teacher effectively combines independent, collaborative and whole class learning opportunities to maximize student learning.
		There are no	There are few opportunities	for student choice about	Teacher routinely promotes



	opportunities for student choice about what will be learned and how learning will be demonstrated. There is no evidence of differentiated instructional strategies or resources.	for student choice about what will be learned and how learning will be demonstrated. The teacher uses limited differentiated instructional strategies or resources.	student learning paths or ways to demonstrate their learning. Teacher uses differentiated instructional strategies and resources for groups of students.	opportunities for students to actively take part in developing goals toward mastery, and students are responsible for deciding how to demonstrate their learning. Instructional strategies, pacing and resources are differentiated to make the lesson accessible and challenging for all students, while supporting the various learning needs of individual students.
Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

ORGANIZATIONAL	ORGANIZATIONAL AREA: INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT							
DOMAINS	Components							
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished			
CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT (Standard 1: Students, Standard 5: Learning Environment)	Classroom routines and procedures Element 5.5	The teacher has not established routines and procedures. Effective transitions are not evident, resulting in a significant loss of instructional time and	The teacher establishes routines and procedures but uses them inconsistently. Transitions are sometimes ineffective, resulting in a loss of instructional time. Off-task behavior is sometimes evident. The teacher makes	The teacher consistently uses routines, procedures and transitions that effectively maximize instructional time. On-task behavior is evident. Students assume appropriate levels of responsibility for effective operation of the	The teacher and students have collaboratively established consistent use of routines, procedures and transitions that are effective in maximizing instructional time. On-task behavior is evident and ensured by students. Students initiate			
Possible Sources of Evidence:		frequent off-task behavior.	decisions about classroom operations.	classroom.	responsibility for effective operation of the classroom.			
pre-conference, post-conference, formal observation, classroom walk- throughs/informal observations, peer review, student surveys	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Walkthrough and during the observed lessons students new routines and procedures with no loss of instructional time.	Click or tap here to enter text.			
	Classroom climate and cultural competency	There is no evidence of rapport or expectations for respectful, supportive and caring	There is some evidence of rapport and expectations for respectful, supportive and caring interactions with and among students and the	There is consistent evidence of rapport and expectations for respectful, supportive and caring interactions with and among students and the	The teacher intentionally creates a classroom environment that shows consistent evidence of rapport and expectations for respectful, supportive and caring interactions			



	Element 1.4 Element 5.1 Element 5.2	interactions with and among students and the teacher. There is no demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences and culture. The teacher does not address needs related to student sense of wellbeing.	There is inconsistent demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences and culture. The teacher is aware of needs related to student sense of well-being but does not address them effectively.	There is demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences and culture. The teacher models expectations and behaviors that create a positive climate of openness, respect and care. The teacher anticipates and effectively addresses needs related to student sense of well-being.	with and among students and the teacher. There is demonstration of regard for student perspectives, experiences and culture. The teacher models expectations and behaviors that create a positive climate of openness, respect and care. The teacher anticipates and effectively addresses needs related to student sense of wellbeing. The teacher seeks and is receptive to the thoughts and opinions of individual students and the class. When appropriate, the teacher includes other school professionals and/or community resources to ensure all students are recognized and valued.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to	Click or tap here to enter	Click or tap here to enter	Click or tap here to enter text.
		enter text.	text.	text.	_
ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT LEARNING (Standard 1: Students, Standard 3: Assessment) Possible Sources of Evidence:	Use of assessments Element 3.1 Element 3.2 Element 3.3 Element 3.4	The teacher does not use varied assessments.	The teacher makes limited use of varied assessments.	The teacher selects, develops and uses multiple assessments, including routine use of various diagnostic, formative and summative assessments.	The teacher intentionally and strategically selects, develops and uses multiple assessments, including routine use of various diagnostic, formative and summative assessments. The teacher offers differentiated assessment choices to meet the full range of student needs.
pre-conference, formal observation, classroom walk- throughs/informal observations, assessments, student portfolios,		The teacher fails to analyze data and makes little or no attempt to modify instruction to meet student needs.	The teacher attempts to analyze data and modify instruction, though the modifications do not meet student needs.	The teacher analyzes patterns to measure targeted student learning, anticipate learning obstacles, modify instruction and differentiate to meet the needs of groups of students.	The teacher analyzes data trends and patterns to measure targeted student learning, anticipate learning obstacles, modify instruction and differentiate to meet individual student needs.



post-conference		The teacher does not share evidence of student learning with students.	The teacher shares evidence of student learning with students.	The teacher shares evidence of student learning with parents and students to plan instruction to meet student needs.	The teacher shares evidence of student learning with colleagues, parents and students to collaboratively plan instruction to meet individual student needs.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
	Evidence of student learning Element 1.3	The teacher's assessment data demonstrates no evidence of growth and/or achievement over time for most students.	The teacher uses one source of high-quality student data to demonstrate clear evidence of appropriate growth and/or achievement over time for some students.	The teacher uses at least two sources of high-quality student data to demonstrate growth and/or achievement over time, showing clear evidence of expected growth and/or achievement for most students.	The teacher uses at least two sources of high-quality student data to demonstrate growth and/or achievement over time, showing clear evidence of above expected growth and/or achievement for most students.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

ORGANIZATIONAL AREA: PROFESSIONALISM							
Domains	Components						
		Ineffective	Developing	Skilled	Accomplished		
PROFESSIONAL	Communication	The teacher does	The teacher inconsistently	The teacher uses effective	The teacher uses multiple effective		
RESPONSIBILITIES	and	not communicate	or unsuccessfully uses	and appropriate	and appropriate communication		
(Standard 6:	collaboration	with students and	communication and	communication and	and engagement strategies with		
Collaboration and	with families	families.	engagement strategies	engagement strategies with	individual students and families.		
Communication,			with students and	students and families,	These ongoing strategies promote		
Standard 7:	Element 6.1		families. These do not	resulting in partnerships that	two-way communication, active		
Professional	Element 6.2		contribute adequately to	contribute to student	participation and partnerships that		
Responsibility and			student learning, well-	learning, well-being and	contribute to each student's		
Growth)			being and development.	development.	learning, well-being and development.		
Possible Sources of					development.		
Evidence:	Evidence	Click or tap here to	Click or tap here to enter	Click or tap here to enter	Click or tap here to enter text.		
Professional Growth		enter text.	text.	text.	·		
Plan or	Communication	The teacher does	The teacher inconsistently	The teacher effectively	The teacher initiates effective		
Improvement Plan,	and	not communicate	or unsuccessfully	communicates and	communication and collaboration		
pre-conference,	collaboration	and/or collaborate	communicates and/or	collaborates with colleagues	with colleagues outside the		



post-conference, artifacts, self- assessment, peer review	with colleagues Element 6.3	with colleagues.	collaborates with colleagues, resulting in limited improvement of professional practice.	to examine instructional practice and analyze patterns in student work and student data to identify and implement targeted strategies for improving professional practice.	classroom, resulting in improvements in student learning, individual practice, school practice and/or the teaching profession.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
	District policies and professional responsibilities Element 7.1	The teacher demonstrates a lack of understanding and regard for district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	The teacher demonstrates minimal understanding of district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators.	The teacher demonstrates understanding by following district policies, state and federal regulations, and the Licensure Code of Professional Conduct for Ohio Educators. The teacher exemplifies effective leadership characteristics beyond the classroom. The teacher helps shape policy at the school, district or state level.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
	Professional learning Element 7.2 Element 7.3	The teacher sets short-term and long-term professional goals but fails to monitor progress or take action to meet the goals.	The teacher sets and monitors short-term and long-term professional goals but fails to take appropriate action to meet the goals.	The teacher sets short-term and long-term professional goals and monitors progress in meeting them based on self-reflection and data analysis. The teacher takes appropriate action to meet the goals.	The teacher consistently pursues best practices and sets, monitors and reflects on progress toward meeting short-term and long-term professional goals based on data analysis to improve student learning. The teacher takes appropriate action to meet the goals. The teacher collaborates with colleagues and others to share best practices.
	Evidence	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.